

Is it all needles, pills and potions? Veterinary acupuncture and pain management. Fran Downing BVSc MSc Dip.ECVAA MRCVS RCVS & European Specialist in Veterinary Anaesthesia and Analgesia

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Introduction

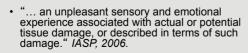
- · What is pain?
- What happens in the body.
- · How we assess pain.
- · Acupuncture.

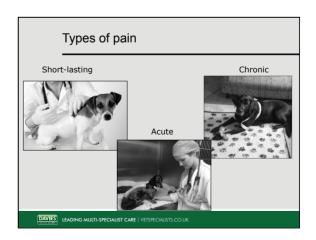


What is pain?

What is pain?

- Pain is.....
 Unpleasant?
 - Due to physical harm?
 - Bue to physEmotional?Subjective?Individual!

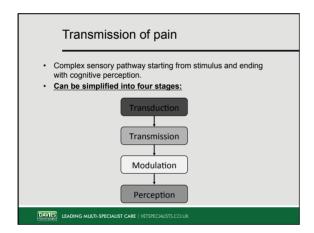


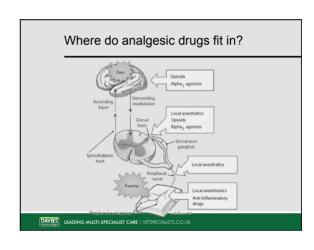


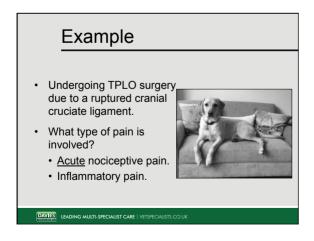
Different 'types' of pain Nociceptive pain: Can be described as 'normal' pain, protective, physiological and protective. First and second pain. Visceral or somatic. Can lead to the development of chronic pain if managed inappropriately.

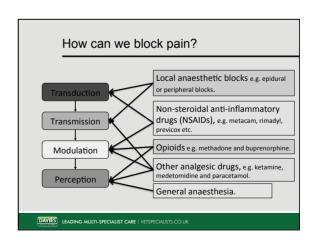
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Different types of pain: In response to actual tissue damage. Neuropathic pain: Due to damage to the nervous system. Nociceptors aren't involved. Serves no useful purpose. Difficult to diagnose and confirm in veterinary species. Functional pain: A type of neuropathic pain where there is no physical cause. Not documented in animals yet.



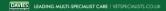






Daisy, 8y FN Airedale

- · Chronic bilateral cruciate disease and OA.
- · Lumbar spinal pain.
- IBD and colitis controlled with steroids.
- Insulin-dependent diabetic with bilateral cataracts.
- **GRUMPY!**





Daisy, 8y FN Airedale

- What type of pain?
- · Inflammatory?
- Acute vs. chronic?
- Neuropathic?
- How do we assess her pain?



Daisy, 8y FN Airedale

- · Pain management:
 - Prednisolone (steroid)
 - Paracetamol.
 - Hydrotherapy and physiotherapy.
 - Acupuncture.



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Assessing pain

- · Fundamental part of pain management.
- Human pain 'experience' is split into three parts;
 - Sensory-discriminative,
 - Affective-motivational,
 - · Cognitive-evaluative.
- Can be difficult to accurately assess pain in animals.

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Assessing acute pain

Objective

Physiological indicators of pain?

- Heart rate, respiration rate, blood pressure, pupil size, plasma cortisol, beta-endorphin levels
- Measurement of thermal, mechanical pain thresholds
- Objective behavioural

Subjective

One dimensional:

- Simple descriptive scales (SDS)
- Verbal rating or ordinal scales (VRS)
- Numerical rating scales (NRS) Visual analogue scales (VAS)

- Multidimensional pain scales:
 University of Melbourne Pain Scale
- Glasgow Composite Pain Score

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Assessing chronic pain

- · Very difficult in humans and animals.
- Relies heavily on input form owners!
- · Questionnaire-based assessment:
 - GUV-Quest (www.vetmetrica.com).
 - · Helsinki Chronic Pain Index.
 - · Canine Brief Pain Inventory.

Veterinary Acupuncture

- · What is acupuncture?
- How does acupuncture work?
- When and how can we use acupuncture?



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What is acupuncture?

- Adjunctive therapy traditionally used in people in the management of multiple conditions, including pain.
 - Growing popularity in veterinary species
- Originated in China?
- Otzi (3300 BC) Alpine Iceman



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What is acupuncture?

"Insertion of a solid needle into a the body for the purpose of therapy, disease prevention and/or the maintenance of health"

- · Acupuncture is not:
 - Moxibustion
 - Gold bead implantation
 - Laser acupuncture
 - Acupressure
- · An Act of Veterinary Surgery.

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What is acupuncture?

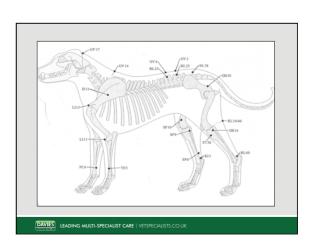
- · Adjunctive therapy for pain management.
- · Traditional Chinese/Eastern Approach:
 - Alterations in the flow of 'Qi' (pronounced chi) along body meridians.
 - Traditional acupuncture points



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What is acupuncture?

- · Adjunctive therapy for pain management.
- Western Approach:
 - Adapted Traditional approach using current knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology and evidence-based medicine.
 - Based on neurophysiological principles.
 - Incorporates traditional acupuncture points.



How does acupuncture work?

- Specific effects are mediated through the stimulation of the peripheral nervous system and subsequent neuromodulation within the CNS.
- · Effects can be;
 - Loca
 - Segmental
 - Heterosegmental
 - Generalized.
 - Analgesic
 - Non-analgesic



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How does acupuncture work?

- · Local effects
 - Afferent nerve stimulation
 - Vasodilation
 - Nerve growth?
 - Blood vessel proliferation?
- Segmental effects
 - Pain modulation
- · Generalized effects
 - Limbic system deactivation
 - Endorphin release
 - ACTH and oxytocin release
- · Heterosegmental effects
 - Enhanced descending inhibition

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Can I use acupuncture?

YES:

- Osteoarthritis
- Chronic pain states
- Neuropathic pain
- Disc-related pain
- Wound healing?
- Atopy?

NO:

- Immunocompromised patients.
- Bleeding disorders.
- Overlying skin
- infections.
- Pregnant animals.
- Risk of entering the thorax/abdomen.

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Where do I put my needle?

- · Western approach:
 - Myofascial trigger points
 - In muscles near tender points
 - In muscles innervated by the same neurological segment.
 - Traditional acupuncture points local and generalized effect.

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Treatment

- Dry needling or electroacupuncture (EAP)
- 20-30 minutes per session.
 - CCK-8 release after >45 minutes.
- Weekly sessions for 4-6 weeks, then increase the interval depending on the individual.
- Not all animals respond positively to acupuncture.

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Side effects and complications

- · Mild adverse effects in 10% patients.
 - e.g. tiredness, local pain, temporary exacerbation of symptoms
- Moderate adverse effects in 0.13% patients
 - .e.g. fainting, severe exacerbation of symptoms
- Serious adverse events in 0.024% patients.
 - E.g. pneumothorax, bacterial endocarditis (auricular AP), cardiac tamponade
- No reports in animals.....

Evidence?

- Post-operative pain in hemilaminectomy patients;
 Reduced post-operative opioid requirement (*Laim et al.*, 2009).
 - Improved function compared to control groups (Hayashi et al, 2007).
- - No effect of EAP on ground reaction forces and pain scoring (VAS) in elbow OA in dogs but 8/9 blinded Owners able to identify period of AP (Kapatkin 2006).
- Humans OA, neck pain, chronic lower back pain and nausea.

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In summary.

- · Acupuncture is an adjunctive therapy that can be used in patients with chronic pain.
- · The risk of side effects are low.
- Not all patients respond to acupuncture.

